Pages 1 - 52 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BEFORE THE HONORABLE JACQUELINE SCOTT CORLEY, MAGISTRATE FACEBOOK, INC. CONSUMER IN RE: PRIVACY USER PROFILE LITIGATION) No. 18-MD-2843 VC (JSC)) San Francisco, California Friday) May 1, 2020) 9:30 a.m. TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS **APPEARANCES:** For Plaintiffs: BLEICHMAR FONTI & AULD LLP 555 12th Street

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> Official Reporter - US District Court Computerized Transcription By Eclipse

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1	Friday - May 1, 2020 9:31 a.m.		
2	<u>PROCEEDINGS</u>		
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4	THE CLERK: Calling Civil Action 18-MD-2843, In Re		
5	Facebook, Inc. Consumer Privacy User Profile Litigation. The		
6	Honorable Jacqueline Scott Corley presiding.		
7	Counsel, starting with plaintiffs, can you please make		
8	your appearance for the record.		
9	MS. WEAVER: Yes. Good morning, Your Honor. Leslie		
10	Weaver on behalf of plaintiffs, with my co-lead counsel, Derek		
11	Loeser.		
12	Today we have a team of talented lawyers to give you		
13	specific answers to questions you might have today. From		
14	Bleichmar Fonti we have Anne Davis, Matt Montgomery and		
15	Angelica Ornelas.		
16	And from Keller Rohrback, Cari Laufenberg, David Ko and		
17	Ben Gould, as well as our ESI liaison Eric Fierro.		
18	THE COURT: Good morning.		
19	MS. WEAVER: Good morning.		
20	MS. ORNELAS: Good morning.		
21	MR. SNYDER: Good morning, Your Honor. Nice to see		
22	you again. Orin Snyder for Facebook.		
23	With me are my colleagues, Josh Lipshutz, Deborah Stein,		
24	Martie Kutscher, Laura Mumm and Russ Falconer.		
25	THE COURT: All right. Good morning.		

Okay. So thank you for your submissions. Let's get some things decided, get some deadlines and a new schedule for what will need to be done before we meet again on May 15th.

First, with respect to the 502(b) order. So as I read Rule 26(b)(2)(v)(B), I really see it as -- what it does is it sort of puts the parties in place as if the document had not been produced and had simply been identified on a privilege log, with one exception. The rule does say that it then maybe promptly present the information to the Court under seal for determination. So I don't think someone needs to ask for permission for me to get it under seal.

The truth of the matter is whenever I resolve a privilege issue, I always review the docket -- document in camera. And particularly when we're talking about a clawback situation, which is the party who is claiming it as not privileged has actually seen it.

You're all very competent attorneys. I'm confident that if you're going to actually bring the issue to my attention, there is at least a good faith argument that it's not privileged.

So the way I want it to work is, according to the rule let's say defendant produces a document that they then claw back. Plaintiffs return it to the defense with all its copies. The parties then briefed me -- and it's a legal brief; right? It's a legal argument. It is not filed under seal. So

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everyone is on exactly the same plane. One side isn't talking about the contents of the document while the other side can't. Nobody is, because the briefs aren't filed under seal. are simply legal arguments as to why the document is or is not privileged. And when you submit those briefs, you submit it with the document itself for my in camera review. Because one step, it's all presented. This is how I resolve privilege all the time. I did one just last week with regard whether some documents -communications that involve lawyers and, also, a public relations firm, whether those were privileged. The briefs themselves were not under seal, and I actually reviewed the documents in camera. Now, of course, plaintiffs though in terms of use, they know what they know and so how you frame your argument is going to be shaped by what you saw, which is defendants said in their letter, you don't have to undo. You saw it. They saw it. So everyone actually is more on an even playing field than you normally have when you're simply making an argument based on all you have is the privilege log itself. So that's my view on that one. Okay? All right. So then what I want you to do is submit the 502(b) stipulation by Monday is.

MS. WEAVER: Will do, Your Honor.

MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: All right.

Now let's go to custodians, because we need to get that wrapped up. And I'm a little confused, and I know it's a moving target and that might be why, and stuff was happening while the joint submission was being prepared, which is why we have those deadlines. Things tend to really move as we get closer to the deadline.

But as I understand it, the defense has provided now a list of their 65 proposed custodians. And then I'm not clear, but I think from plaintiffs, they have an additional 59 names, which they are now proposing to narrow based on what they recently just learned; is that correct?

Ms. Weaver, you were nodding your head, but whoever on your side wants to speak.

MS. WEAVER: Yes, Your Honor. I think Derek Loeser will be addressing that, but I did want to say just at the outset that I think Your Honor achieved what you might have intended by asking us to meet by Zoom every 48 hours for two hours on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, which is, with our animals and babies running around in the background, we have recognized humanity in each other, even though we are sparring advocates.

So we have reached some agreement, and we hope to reach agreement on custodians.

I will hand it over to Mr. Loeser.

THE COURT: That's great. And I will -- I have no ownership interest in Zoom, just so you know:

MR. LOESER: Good morning, Your Honor, Derek Loeser.

The issue on custodians, I mean, obviously this is something we spent a tremendous amount of time talking about, and this is the part of these discussions that still seems to be a bit of ships passing in the night.

Obviously, Facebook's desire is to have a set of custodians that's not more than what they want, and we have a desire to have a custodians that expands from where they are to make sure we don't have gaps in production.

But the lay of the land is this. We have the April 1st production from Facebook. We had been previously referring to that as the FTC production. We learned on the last call with you, Your Honor, that there were some other regulator documents in there as well, so we should call it the April 1st production.

In that production we can see the number of custodians that are involved, and it appears that there are 84 people and something like seven or eight non- -- non-human, you know, collection sources. And that -- so you have 91 custodians that's included in that.

Facebook's current proposal does not include all of those people. So that's problem one.

The -- we want to take that set and put it aside. We think that -- as this conversation proceeds, obviously, we think all of the custodians that were included in the April 1st production should be included here as well, because that -- those investigations overlaps substantially with this case here.

What we've tried to do through carefully examining public information, which was the only information we had when we put together our list, we came up with a list of 149 potential custodians.

Now, a lot of those individuals overlap with the custodians that were in the April 1st production. So we looked at our list and identified the non-overlapping people we've identified. And the struggle we have been having with Facebook is trying to get information about those non-overlapping people.

Because as we talked about at the last hearing, the

April 1st or FTC plus productions do not cover entirely the

subject matter of our case. There is a variety of other

topics, some of which we described at the last hearing, that

require other custodians because they are not included in that

FTC and other regulator production.

So we have been having this conversation, where essentially what we're saying to Facebook is: Here is this list of 58 or 59. We don't intend for all these people to be

custodians, but we need to learn about these people so we can decide if they fill gaps that exist from what has already been produced.

And that's where we're kind of passing in the night, because Facebook has provided us with organizational and other information for the people it has proposed, but it has not been willing to provide information about the people we have proposed. And we think we could really accelerate this process if we just get that information from Facebook and go about trying to determine from among those 58 who really needs to be here.

And then there is one other category, Your Honor, and that's obviously we are reviewing the production Facebook has made. We're doing it as quickly as we can. It took Facebook close to five months to review that production just for what they are calling relevance, and we're going through as quickly as we can. We are identifying other people in that review that will add to this conversation, but we can't press pause, stop doing all this until we get through all those documents, and we shouldn't need to in order to advance these custodians.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, if I can be heard on that.

I think if we're ships passing in the night, it's because there is a fundamental disconnect, disagreement about what this process of identifying custodians should look like.

We have given them, as Your Honor noted, a comprehensive

proposal of 67 custodians. We've given them job, date of employment. You see our submission, Your Honor. The reporting line information, and we explained in detail why each and every one of them was selected.

And, of course, we have been through this now for two years, responding to regulators and private parties, and these are the right custodians, nearly 70 of them.

To date, plaintiffs have still not given us a counter proposal. They have propounded on us in writing -- before Your Honor showed mercy and directed us to stop the letter writing campaign, they have propounded, both in writing and over the phone, literally hundreds and hundreds of questions, which we have dutifully answered about a myriad of topics that extend way beyond the typical custodian discussions, and at every turn we've answered them. We still don't have a counter proposal.

What we do have is 188 names now that they want to ask us more questions about. And we just respectfully submit that this is not the way this custodian process should work.

And we should by the next conference, I would respectfully submit, each have proposals and Your Honor can rule up or down on what you think is the most reasonable. We're very confident we're not only being reasonable. We're being directly responsive to what they want.

And if we're not, and through the course of their production review or otherwise they come up with new

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custodians, of course, in good faith we will consider them and
do what we always do in commercial litigation, add them if they
are a proper custodian.
     We do not want to be in front of Your Honor saying:
can't add 68 to 81 because they are not proper custodians, if
they manifest they are.
    And the problem, Your Honor, we have had is that I can go
through the litany of the moving target. First, they said they
couldn't negotiate custodians. This was months ago --
                     Okay. We don't go backwards. So I'm --
          THE COURT:
         MR. SNYDER:
                      Okay.
                     I'm a little confused. Mr. Loeser just
          THE COURT:
told me there were 58 names, and you told me there were 188.
         MR. SNYDER:
                      Yes.
          THE COURT: So let me ask Mr. Loeser. What is your
list right now?
    Because as I understood your letter, the joint submission,
was that it was 58, but that now that you've recently -- I
think you said Wednesday -- got more information from Facebook,
that list was going to be able to be pared down.
                             That list, Your Honor, again the
         MR. LOESER:
                      Yes.
58 was the non-overlapping people. So you have the FTC and
April 1st production people. That's 91. And we'll circle back
to why that's 91, and Facebook is thinking its proposal of 67
plus 8 is all it needs to do.
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But we took the non-overlapping people, so people that were not already included, that was 58. And we are paring down that list based upon further review and talking to Facebook. So all we want from Facebook is information on those people. THE COURT: Well, okay. So we have the custodians that were searched for, the FTC and other -- the April 1st production custodians. Okay. So let's put that aside. Then what you have are an additional 58. Okay. I understood from your letter, though, that now based on information you received on Wednesday, you were going to pare that down further, and then have a list, and then could you talk to Facebook with that pared down list. MR. LOESER: That is the goal, Your Honor. frankly, we hope to pare it down even more. THE COURT: Right. After you talk to Facebook. So here is the question. For those 58, when will you be able to have a pared down list to give to Facebook to discuss? MR. LOESER: Well, some of those can be removed already based on information that they have. And so we -- I don't know the exact number. Others on the call may. And we can do that. Frankly, that will just result -- let's say it becomes 51. We still need them to share with us information about those 51. It's not difficult for Facebook to tell us information --THE COURT: Wait. I'm taking it in steps. That's my

question.

What is the -- when can you pare it down without more information from Facebook?

MS. WEAVER: I think we can do that by Tuesday, Your Honor. We've already -- you know, what happened on Wednesday, we only got the information verbally. But we can see now where there are overlaps.

And what we might also do by Tuesday is identify some categories where we could see now -- for example, a lot of people had the title "engineer." But we can see that there is a lot of overlap in Facebook's proposed list, and then a gap. Where we want engineers that really know a lot about how data is extracted from the Hive or something like that.

So maybe what we can do, pare down the list and identify some categories where we know there are gaps and see if they can suggest anybody to fill those in.

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, I'm sorry.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. LOESER: Just to respond to Mr. Snyder. You know, he has referred a couple times now to how this -- they have been at this for a couple years and this production, they know where all the useful information is and that's what this represents. And I do want to reiterate, there are aspects of this case that do not overlap.

THE COURT: No, I understand that. I'm not cutting

you off at that number. 1 So by Tuesday -- by Tuesday you'll provide Facebook a 2 pared down list. It must be fewer than 58. Must be fewer than 3 58 of additional people that you want more information to. 4 5 that list should say why you're -- what you know about them and 6 why you think they may potentially have relevant information. 7 MR. LOESER: Right. And we --We've already provided that --MS. WEAVER: 8 9 MS. KUTSCHER: The problem --10 MS. WEAVER: Sorry. Go ahead. 11 MR. LOESER: In spades. MS. KUTSCHER: Your Honor, the problem is the 12 13 information we have received from plaintiffs to date largely consists of news articles they found on the internet. 14 15 So they will provide us a name, and we'll click a link. 16 And, for instance, one of them was a link about someone's 17 dating advice on Tinder. That's, obviously, not something that's helpful in helping us identify whether someone is an 18 19 appropriate custodian. So we're just looking at lists of random names with random 20 news articles attached to them without anything helpful to tell 21 us why they might be a useful custodian or why they might 22 23 assist us.

proposing, what I'm hearing from Mr. Loeser does sound

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And, you know, if this is the process plaintiffs are

reasonable, but it's not what we've heard before this conference today.

So previously we had received a list of 149 people. A couple weeks later we got a list of 59 people. And they said: These are the people we want to discuss first.

THE COURT: Okay. But, again, what I'm talking about now is you're going to get a list of fewer than 58. And now I'm talking about what that list is going to look like. I'm not casting dispersions on anybody. Just moving forward. So you're going to get a list on Tuesday that's fewer than 58.

Now, Ms. Weaver, Mr. Loeser, tell me what that list is going to say, other than I think it does need to have more than just a name and a link; right?

MS. WEAVER: So what we actually provided was an Excel living spreadsheet that has job titles throughout time and date of employment, which we asked Facebook to confirm for us. And the hyperlinks for some of these are substantive articles.

By the way, I know it might seem easy to toss this Tinder thing out as a red herring, but it is one of the issues in the case; that Facebook data shared -- data reciprocity with Tinder, so people's dating activity is mapped to their activity on Facebook and that is used to psychographically target people. So we actually do think it's relevant.

We offered to discuss them name by name with Facebook, and

Facebook refused to do that. So their position has been: We will only talk about our people, and then you have to tell us why your people are redundant. But we can't -- we can't figure that out if we don't know even -- they haven't confirmed their employment.

THE COURT: The idea is you get this list, and then you have your video conference and you talk about these people, and you ask them. If you don't understand from the information that -- if Facebook doesn't understand from the information plaintiffs gave why you think this person is relevant or to what, then you ask them and they tell you.

MS. WEAVER: Good.

MR. LOESER: And, Your Honor, I would say what -- you know, the effort that went into creating this list is worth just talking about briefly.

We have to remember we didn't have any organizational information from Facebook, so they wouldn't give it to us. And this does happen to be a company that a lot of people leave and write about it, and there is a tremendous amount of information that is public. That's what we went to to try to build out this list.

But, again, Facebook is in a very good position, once
we've provided the information about who this person is and why
we think they are relevant, to tell us more about that person.
They are easy to cross off the list if the person is, as

Ms. Kutscher is saying, you know, irrelevant to the litigation.

One other thing I just wanted to mention that I think is helpful for going forward is there is another category of information we have been fighting with Facebook about and that is the persons that the -- that PWC, which was the auditor that audited Facebook's privacy practices after the original FTC settlement, when it would do it's biennial audits would go out and interview all of the key people involved in privacy operations at Facebook. PWC -- we have the reports. They have been produced, but the identification of who they interviewed is not in the reports.

Now, that would be a very useful additional source of information from which to identify useful custodians. We suspect some of them may overlap with that 58 or there may be other names --

THE COURT: Yeah. We know at least eight of them are on the Facebook.

MR. LOESER: Right. And that just seems like a very easy thing to do, get those names. We can see who these folks are that the auditor itself thought were central to these key operations. And if they need to be added to the custodian list, great, they will be added. And if they replace other people who seem less relevant that are marginally associated with that task from our 58, great, we'll take people off of that list.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, if I could be heard on that?

It sounds reasonable as he describes it, but it actually is not reasonable nor precedented in this kind of litigation.

PWC since 2013, meaning seven, eight years -- seven years, conducted these privacy audits. Dozens of PWC people, probably in total hundreds and hundreds of Facebook people they interacted with year after year after year, and we have provided the main PWC custodians. They have the PWC documents.

The question they are asking in connection with the identification of custodians are the kind of substantive discovery questions that they can ask and should ask if they are interested in an interrogatory. When they take the depositions of the PWC people, they can ask them, as is customary in this kind of litigation, who else was involved. And if they want to seek additional documents and identify new custodians, that's the way to proceed.

This would require us to do, really, an intensive investigation. Interview probably dozens and dozens of people, review. And it's just -- it's not anything that should -- this is not how a custodian process works.

You know, we are entitled, as a defendant, to some deference in identification of custodians, and then the plaintiffs can and should fill in any gaps.

And under the discovery rules, you know, we have a duty to supplement. And if they identify eight other PWC people they

are interested in, a year from now or eight months from now when they take the depositions, we will do as we always do, which is seasonably supplement if it -- if it's appropriate.

But the process you just heard with PWC is the same process the plaintiffs want to -- you know, they have interrogated us about our systems, about our org charts. And these are all valid questions, but let's get to the custodians so we can produce documents.

As I said at the end of the statement, it really is this never-ending loop of wanting to conduct as much discovery as they can, Your Honor, in connection with the discovery -- the custodian selection so that they don't -- because it's sort of a free shot at a lot of discovery. And we have been very cooperative.

And Ms. Kutscher, I think, wanted to add to that because she has been in the belly of the beast here.

MS. KUTSCHER: Yeah. And another concern we have about the request for the PWC custodians is that these reports were really full scale audits about the company going way beyond the issues in this case.

So to identify all of the people PWC spoke to would lead to an enormous set of individuals that go way way, way, beyond this case. Not only would it be burdensome to put that list together, but it wouldn't actually lead us where we're trying to get.

THE COURT: Well, can I ask you, is your representation then that it isn't like, with the report, PWC didn't provide a list of who they interviewed.

MR. KO: Well, Your Honor, this is David Ko. I can try and address that question.

So two responses to that. One, PWC did not identify the individuals by specific name. Instead what they did in the reports was they identified the primary job titles and teams of the individuals that they interviewed.

And in response -- and related to that in response to Ms. Kutscher-Clark's comment about burden, it was Facebook in a cover letter to the FTC attaching the report, not PWC, that identified the 65 interviewees and Facebook employees that were interviewed.

So this concept of burden, I don't know if they are just not talking to the right people, but Facebook wants identified who these people were. They knew that there were 65 of them. So we're simply asking who these individuals are, because that would greatly facilitate the custodian discussions.

MR. SNYDER: And, Your Honor, it was an intensive effort to do that. And when they propound an interrogatory at an appropriate time, we'll either object to it as being overly burdensome or we will -- we will we'll respond in due course.

THE COURT: But is there a letter to the FTC that already identifies 65 people?

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MR. KO:
                        The letter identified the fact that 65
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     Facebook employees were interviewed.
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               THE COURT:
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               MS. KUTSCHER: And to be clear, this was in
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     connection with a single audit. These audits have occurred
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     since 2013 through the present.
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               THE COURT: My question actually was for Facebook,
                Is the representation that there isn't, like, just a
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     list somewhere that has who PWC interviewed?
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               MS. KUTSCHER: We are not aware of the list.
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     something we could dig into. I'm not prepared to represent
     whether it does or does not exist, but we have been looking
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     into it for a few days. They asked for this for the first time
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     a few days ago, and we have not yet come across a list.
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               MR. SNYDER: And knowing what I know about the
     company -- and we will get back -- I think it's highly, highly
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     unlikely that we have a list of all of the company people from
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     2013 to date PWC talked to.
               THE COURT: No, I understand.
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                                              And which company are
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     you talking about, knowing what you know about PWC or about
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     Facebook?
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               MR. SNYDER:
                            Facebook.
                                       No, Facebook, and the nature
     of the company. You know, this was -- PWC folks kind of lived
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     at the company, and they were their external auditors, and
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     they --
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THE COURT: I just want you to ask. I understand the burden argument, and I'm not prepared to make you go interview PWC to find out who they did that. But if there is a list lying around -- I don't know. the report is sent to Facebook, maybe there is a list, there is an appendix. I don't know. Maybe there is, maybe there isn't. I don't know. I just want to you inquire. MR. SNYDER: Well, Your Honor --We have. We have. MS. KUTSCHER: And we have been looking for it for a few days. We have not yet come across one. That's where we are. MR. LOESER: And, Your Honor, just to be clear. The Facebook -- the PWC audit identifies people by job title. So we can look at that list. And we don't want every single person PWC talked to. Again, this is a custodian oriented search. We want to make sure we're capturing the most important people with the most important information. When PWC is auditing the very practices that are at issue in this lawsuit, they have a list by job title, and a lot of those people will be very, very relevant. And I find it very hard to believe that Facebook doesn't know who the key people

My quess is --

THE COURT: That's a different issue. That is if you

can point to something in the particular audit, and you want to

are that its auditor interviews.

say: Who is this person? Is this person on our list? Why isn't this person on our list? That's a different question than saying to Facebook: Go back and give me a list of everyone that PWC interviewed.

MR. LOESER: Right. And, again, we're very happy to take the PWC audit and look at the job titles that are identified. And we have said this, and we'll say it again: Who are these people?

In fact, we'll even go back to that list and try and narrow it so that who are the key people that we can tell from these job titles? There is no burden associated with that.

And, again, this is not some unrelated audit. It's not a general audit of all of Facebook's practices. It's an audit of exactly what's at issue in this case.

So I -- I do think it would be worthwhile for us to pull up that -- the report. Look at those job titles, and be specific about the following job titles at Facebook, and just tell us who those people are. And if -- I'll be shocked if the word they get back from Facebook is we don't know who has those particular job titles, then they should tell us that, but that seems hard to believe.

THE COURT: So maybe that's the approach then we should be taking, since it's the report. Why don't we focus on the report, and you point out where in the report you believe this person would be an appropriate custodian. Who is this

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Maybe that person will already be on the list.
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     person?
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               MS. WEAVER: And we can do that by Tuesday as well,
     Your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                           Then by Tuesday where in the report.
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     Okay.
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               MS. WEAVER:
                            Yeah. We'll add that section into the
     other piece of the custodial letter.
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               MS. KUTSCHER: I just want to clarify that that
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     process might prove to be very tricky, because there are a lot
     of very generic job titles that a whole lot of different people
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     at the company would have.
          So to the extent that the report says "We spoke to
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     software engineer or "We spoke to project manager," it is
     going to be quite difficult to take information like that and
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     specify who it's talking about.
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               THE COURT: Yeah.
                                  It may be, and I think it -- some
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     of that may have to come later, but to the extent you can.
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     everyone is doing what they can, and I understand.
          So from the plaintiff's point of view what you have to
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     understand is they are representing a putative class.
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     there are many lawyers here, but there are also many lawyers
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     out there who didn't get selected to be the lead counsel in
23
     this case, and these lawyers have an obligation to do their
     best to turn over every stone. Obviously, that's in -- some
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tension with us trying to find an appropriate balance on both

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sides; and that's what we're going to try to do, to find an appropriate balance, but just for -- on both sides.

So everyone just keep in mind that everyone is just doing their best and what they feel like their obligation to do is.

And I understand that sometimes you just need the Court to say "yes" or "no," because that sort of let's everyone off the hook. And I'm happy to do that when I have to do that.

However, you all know your case much better than I ever will. And so to the extent you can come to an agreement and compromise, that's usually better for everyone.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, I appreciate that. And I just want to assure the Court, and you're obviously going to hold me to it, that this is not -- you know, this is not sort of the last chance that the plaintiffs will have.

When we either agree on or Your Honor orders ex-custodians to be searched, of course, when inevitably plaintiffs come to us with new custodians because of their ongoing research or because of discovery, we are going to be eminently reasonable. We are not going to take unreasonable or hard line positions. If it's a relevant custodian and not repetitive or redundant or duplicative, we're going to be cooperative and we're not going to be in front of Your Honor being unreasonable.

So I don't -- I think that in the fullness of time, they

are going to get everyone who they should get.

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1
               MR. LOESER:
                            And, Your Honor, I'm going to print that
 2
     and tape that up on my wall.
               THE COURT: We have a court reporter, so there it is.
 3
     All right.
 4
 5
               MR. SNYDER:
                            There were a lot of caveats and
 6
     disclaimers in it, but go ahead.
                        Your Honor, one clarifying question on the
 7
               MR. KO:
     PWC issue. You heard Ms. Weaver say that we could provide this
 8
     information to Facebook by Tuesday on the groups and
 9
     individuals and teams and the reports.
10
11
          Could we also get some clarification, you know, to the
     extent that this list exists of interviewees, could you -- we
12
13
     would request that you would have Facebook provide that list to
     us by Tuesday as well to facilitate the discussions.
14
15
               THE COURT: Well, if they can find it.
                                                        They have
16
     already -- they've represented they've already started looking
17
     and they will continue to look.
18
               MR. SNYDER: Yes, Your Honor.
                           It is Friday and I don't make people work
19
               THE COURT:
20
     on the weekend, even though we don't really have weekends.
21
     have to figure out how to make us have weekends or we'll just
22
     be working every day and that's not good.
23
                        That's why I said Tuesday.
               MR. KO:
               MS. WEAVER: Well, actually, I thought David was
24
25
     going to say that I shouldn't have given the Tuesday deadline.
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1 THE COURT: That's what I thought he was going to 2 say, too. I'm in trouble now. MS. WEAVER: 3 I think the solution is I installed this MR. LOESER: 4 5 mesh network in my house so that I can do things like the Zoom It has a button that allows me to turn off my kids' 6 call. computer screens. But I think our kids should have a button 7 that just turns off all of our stuff. 8 **THE COURT:** That is an excellent idea. 9 Excellent idea. 10 11 Okay. Let's do this. By Tuesday the plaintiffs will provide with a pared down list -- from that list of 58, it's 12 13 going to get fewer. It can't go up, fewer -- with as much information as you can provide of the person. And then when 14 15 you meet and have your meet-and-confer on Wednesday, just talk 16 about it. Talk about it. And in that sense you may be able to 17 pare it down further. Facebook maybe will have to go back and 18 get more information for some of the people, but you start 19 talking about it on the 6th. 20 And, also, by the 5th you'll point out particular people

And, also, by the 5th you'll point out particular people by job title and page or whatever in the report that you think could possibly also be appropriate custodians, and you'll have a discussion again on the 6th about that. You'll begin the discussion.

MS. KUTSCHER: Your Honor, if I could make a

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It would be extremely helpful from our perspective
 1
     suggestion?
     if, when plaintiffs provide their pared down list, they are
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     able to identify how they think each person fills a gap in our
 3
                Because one of the problems we have been having is
 4
     proposal.
 5
     we're looking at a lot of duplicative people, so it would be
 6
     really helpful if they could flag for us what gap the people
     fill.
 7
                            I think that's something we can discuss.
 8
               MS. WEAVER:
     But if we have to put a big narrative in for each person before
 9
     that, then -- you know, Facebook hasn't done that for us.
10
11
     can just talk about it.
                           I want you to be prepared to discuss that
12
               THE COURT:
13
     at the May 6th.
                            We will.
                                      Yeah, we will.
14
               MS. WEAVER:
15
                               Your Honor, this is Matt Montgomery.
               MR. MONTGOMERY:
16
          I just wanted to clarify something because I know you
17
     don't like to go into the history of everything, but the whole
     back-and-forth so far on the list of 58 is a little bit more
18
19
     factually complicated.
20
          So can we agree that it will be less than 58, but the
21
     people don't have to be ones that originally appeared on the
           Because there has been a lot of back-and-forth.
22
     list?
23
               THE COURT: No.
                                No.
                                     The list of 58 that you
     referred to in the joint statement that was submitted, no, I'm
24
25
    holding you to that. You just need some limits.
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Now, as Mr. Snyder said, to the extent there is something 1 that you identify -- in other words, I'm not going to have a 2 whole new list of 58. There was the 58 that was represented in 3 the joint statement that was going to be pared down based on 4 5 what was -- Facebook provided on Wednesday. That's what's 6 going to be done. It's not over the weekend you pull some 7 other people. 8 MS. WEAVER: No, but --9 MR. MONTGOMERY: Yeah. We --MS. WEAVER: -- there's another 15 that we had in the 10 11 interim. Let me explain. I just didn't know 12 MR. MONTGOMERY: 13 if you wanted all the factual back-and-forth, and I'll try and make this very brief. 14 15 We started with 58, but we actually made some progress. 16 So 3 of our 58 are now on Facebook's list. They looked at them 17 and said: Yeah, those people should be on our list. So they 18 took three of them. Then four of them, they talked to us and they said: 19 gave us enough information that -- they us that they weren't at 20 21 this point good custodians. So we took -- you know, we agreed to take them off the 58. 22 23 At the same time we came up with -- based on the reporting line of information that Facebook gave us, we came up with 15 24 25 new people.

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So I guess what I'm saying is, it's complicated.
give them a list based on nobody knew, that they haven't seen
before that's less than 58. It's just, they might not be --
                      It would be from that group of 66; right?
          THE COURT:
51 plus the 15 --
          MS. WEAVER:
                      Yes.
          THE COURT:
                      -- right?
     It will be from that group of 66, but it will be fewer
than 58.
          MS. WEAVER:
                       Yes.
          THE COURT:
                      I know it's somewhat arbitrary, but we
just have to draw the line somewhere.
                       We understand.
          MS. WEAVER:
                       And, Your Honor, that is -- sort of
          MR. LOESER:
shows the iterative process going on.
     Again, it's responsive to Facebook's concern about whether
we're reviewing what they have produced and other information
we're collecting. Yes, we are, and we're pulling information
out of that, and we want to introduce that information so we
can talk about it.
     And I've said this to Facebook and may be worth saying to
the Court. We don't have an interest in more custodians than
we need, and we don't have an interest in getting reams of
redundant information. We actually have to review this stuff.
     Our goal is to find the right people and to fill the gaps
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and have coverage so that, as Your Honor has indicated, down the road a bunch of people who aren't involved in this case can't accuse us of not doing our job.

THE COURT: So, but to that -- that sort of leaves me with a question, as I was wondering. Everyone seems intent on getting this list of custodians settled so that Facebook -- you can move to the search terms and get started on the search.

But if you haven't had a chance to review all these documents that you got on April 1st, I'm wondering why we aren't waiting and doing that all at once.

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, I think it's just the practical reality of needing to move forward.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LOESER: It's not -- I have been involved in a lot of cases where there is a significant government production up front. That happens up front because it's easy to reproduce things that have been produced before. Sometimes it can be -- you know, in the Volkswagen case it was millions and millions of pages. There was no suggestion that folks should go through all of those documents before you can talk about what custodians should be added to what has been produced already.

And I think if we were to stop and wait for us to complete a review of that entire production, it would just add months of delay that's just completely unnecessary given the progress that we can make and have been making by going through the

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other list of people that seem to be non-overlapping
 1
     custodians.
 2
               THE COURT: Okay. Both sides seem to be on the same
 3
            I just wanted to -- I was just wondering.
 4
 5
                 All right. So, and then you'll meet by video on
 6
     the 6th. You'll meet again on the 8th.
          What I'm hoping then is that we will then get a list, a
 7
     stipulation of proposed custodians -- let's see. I had written
 8
               But it's on my laptop, which I'm looking at you, so
 9
10
     I can't look at it.
          By May 13th -- wait. I think I can look at it. You can
11
     still see me and hear me. Let me look at it.
12
13
               MS. KUTSCHER: That's two Wednesdays from now, if
     it's helpful.
14
15
               MR. LOESER:
                           Formerly known as Wednesday.
16
               THE COURT: Yeah, let's see. Submit your -- this
17
     is...
           Hmm...
18
          Let me tell you this proposal and you tell me if you think
19
     you can make it work. You would submit your stipulation of
20
     custodians to be searched on or before May 12th.
21
     cannot -- again, as Mr. Snyder said, this is not the end-all
     be-all of all custodians. This is from -- because from the
22
23
     April 1st production there may be additional ones from
     discovery. There may be additional ones. But in terms of the
24
25
     plaintiff's own search of public information and from the
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whatever, the PWC audit, this will be the list that you come up with by May 12th.

If you cannot agree or you have additional ones that you can't agree on, you'd submit a discovery dispute letter by noon on May 14th, with that schedule being that on or before 5:00 p.m. on May 12th plaintiffs would provide defendant with their portion of the letter. Defendants then provide plaintiffs with their response by 5:00 p.m., the 13th. And plaintiffs filing the letter by noon on the 14th.

Now, so that's sort of what I -- is that doable?

MS. WEAVER: That is doable. We will do that.

I would flag for Your Honor that it is likely we will almost certainly have a dispute unless I think Facebook has changed its position, because we will be seeking to have CEO Mark Zuckerberg and COO Sheryl Sandberg on a custodial list, particularly in this case where they have been so involved in making public statements and promises about what Facebook is doing to protect privacy.

We could brief that later or now, but it's clearly coming at us.

THE COURT: Well, with them as custodians, a lot of the dispute may be about what the search terms are and how narrow it can be.

MS. WEAVER: That's an excellent point, as long as they are willing to even put them on the list, and we

understand right now they won't. We could defer it. 1 That seems a dispute that's 2 THE COURT: Yeah. premature because I can see where incredibly -- there is reams 3 4 and reams and reams of unresponsive things, and so that sort 5 of, I think, might need to be hand-in-hand probably. 6 MS. WEAVER: Okay. Good. THE COURT: Okay. All right. So we have a plan then 7 forgetting the custodians at least going by the 15th. 8 May I ask a question about what you 9 MR. MONTGOMERY: imagine the letter briefs, if we have to do them, would look 10 11 like? I just know we have -- if we wind up talking about dozens of witnesses -- I'm sorry. For the court reporter, this 12 13 is Matt Montgomery. If there are dozens of witnesses, with the limitation of 14 15 the length, I'm not sure how we could talk about them all or 16 describe them all to Your Honor. I mean, I don't know if there 17 will be that many at issue. THE COURT: I'm giving each side ten pages, but no 18 19 more because there shouldn't be dozens of witnesses. 20 MR. MONTGOMERY: Yeah. I --21 THE COURT: The nondisclosure said -- I mean, 22 discovery is not perfect and you just -- you just have to set

limits. You just have to set limits. So I will give you each

ten pages. It is single spaced. But remember, I'm not giving

me very much time to read it. So you're really going to want

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to pick the ones that mean the most to you. But, hopefully,
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 2
     you can come to agreement.
                 Let's see. Now, the other -- one other issue was
 3
     you agreed, and that's great, as to the productions that do not
 4
 5
     require search terms, I believe.
 6
          And have you also agreed on the dates for those
    productions?
 7
               MS. KUTSCHER: Yes, Your Honor, we have.
 8
               THE COURT: Great.
                                   Excellent.
 9
                            I think with a reservation that for some
10
               MS. WEAVER:
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     of those categories Facebook is narrowing the production world.
     An example is PWC documents. They will only give us the
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13
     documents referenced in the reports, not the ones they gave
     PWC.
14
15
          So plaintiffs are always in a position of if a defendant
     is saying "We'll produce documents," we say "Great."
16
17
                And so we'll say yes to this, but we want a
     reservation of right to go back and say: We looked at what you
18
19
              Obviously, some important information is missing and
20
     we would like to come back.
21
          So it's not a quid pro quo. It's just, we will give you
     what we have by this date.
22
23
               THE COURT: That's always the case; right?
     that's the whole thing with an iterative process; that it
24
25
     enables us to narrow and avoid unnecessary production.
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I guess another issue with was the ESI liaison or 1 Okay. 2 issue. Let me ask Facebook. Is it just outside counsel who is in 3 on these conversations, who I'm sure is very knowledgeable and 4 5 very -- is there anyone from within Facebook? 6 MR. SNYDER: Russ, why don't you address that? 7 MR. FALCONER: In terms of participating on the Zoom conferences that we're having every other day, it's just been 8 outside counsel. 9 We do have inside counsel at Facebook who we're working 10 11 with very closely on a daily basis on the ESI issues. THE COURT: Okay. So this is what I would like. 12 I'm 13 not -- I'm sure that outside counsel has learned everything up and down, all around, whatever. 14 15 But it would give plaintiffs comfort -- that's all; right? 16 Just for that reason. It would give plaintiffs comfort if you 17 had somebody from Facebook -- it can be in-house counsel, who I assume there's people within there who their job is to know the 18 19 ESI all around, right -- on the calls to answer the questions. 20 MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, may I be heard? 21 heard respectfully? 22 What happens is Mr. Falconer and the team call the 23 in-house counsel, who are enormously strapped. There aren't as many as you might think for that big a company. There are a 24 handful in the litigation group, literally, who are working 25

from home 14 hours a day. A handful, literally.

And Mr. Falconer and my team will call them -- her, really, one individual, and she then has to do the diligence in the company to answer our questions.

So Mr. Falconer is -- and sometimes she will say: I don't have time. Can you call X? Can you call Y?

Mr. Falconer is actually in the best position on the ground to answer those questions because oftentimes he's the one, as the deputized investigator, who when we go to our client, she says: Russ, call this one and that one.

So to have -- and I represent to the Court this is as accurate as I can be. To have this person come on the phone not only would be an undue burden on the client, but it would be counter productive, because all that's going to happen is that person is going to do exactly what Russ is going to do. It's not like we have someone who knows the answers to all these questions at the tips of his or her finger.

I have been representing Facebook now for 13 years and I can assure Your Honor that the process we have going now is the most effective and efficient one for the plaintiffs.

And, moreover, we've told our clients, after we met with Your Honor two Fridays ago, we need them to be available to us on a daily basis for any questions. Not for them to answer the questions, but for them to point us in the right direction in the company who can answer the question, because we have the

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resources to do that and our in-house counsel doesn't.
 1
          So there isn't a team of 100 lawyers --
 2
               THE COURT: They need to be available during the
 3
     meet-and-confer.
                       They need to be available during the
 4
 5
     meet-and-confer so it's as if they are there. So that if the
 6
     question is asked and the plaintiffs aren't satisfied with the
 7
     answer that they got, you can get on the phone and get that
     person on the phone and participate at that time.
 8
 9
               MR. SNYDER:
                           Yes, but I'm just -- yes, Your Honor,
10
    but the problem there is that -- that we're going to have then
11
     a person on the phone who can't help them as much as
12
    Mr. Falconer can, because he's the one who has done all the leg
13
     work.
          And the reason I'm being so strident or aggressive about
14
15
     this is because it's one person. I know what she's going
16
     through, and to have her have to spend ten hours -- we spent 12
17
     hours on the phone. It's just such undue burden.
18
     promise Your Honor, it's not going to help the process.
               THE COURT: I'm not saying for every discussion.
19
20
     don't see why that person needs to be on the discussion about
21
     the custodians; right?
          It's when you're having that ESI discussion, at least the
22
23
     next time you do it try it that way. Okay?
                                                  They don't have to
     schedule the whole thing, but they are available to be
24
     consulted.
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And then show the plaintiffs.
                                    Show the plaintiffs that
what you're doing is the best way to do it. Show them; right?
           That's all I'm saying. Show them.
Prove it.
                                               Give them
comfort.
          MR. SNYDER: Can I push one more time respectfully?
     Can we at least say that we'll text them the information?
It's just -- I can't describe, you know, what a burden it is on
this one individual to have her be available for two hours
every other day when she's paying us to do that, to do it
better than she can do it.
     So can I represent to Your Honor that if they ask us a
question, one of us will get off the phone, call that person,
and get the information back so we can do it as efficiently as
possible?
                      Isn't that what I'm suggesting?
          THE COURT:
          MR. SNYDER: I thought you wanted them to join the
Zoom.
          THE COURT:
                      No, no. What I'm saying is that they are
available to be consulted in realtime during the conversation.
                      Yes, Your Honor.
          MR. SNYDER:
                                         That's fine, Your
Honor.
        Thank you.
          MR. LOESER: Your Honor, for whatever it's worth, you
know, in the many, many cases that the plaintiffs on this Zoom
call have had, normally we have a 30(b)6 deposition up front.
We get one person from the company who is very knowledgeable
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about their information storage and data systems, and we ask
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     all the questions. I have never encountered a situation where
     that person wasn't incredibly knowledgeable.
 3
          So I'm sure if we can find that person at Facebook and
 4
 5
     they were made available to answer questions as they come up,
 6
     as you're suggesting, I think it will be very fruitful.
                                                               Ι
 7
     would be shocked if it were not an important source of
     information.
 8
 9
               THE COURT:
                           The thing about Facebook versus some of
     your other cases is this an incredibly large, complex
10
11
     completely ESI company. It is nothing but ESI. That's all it
12
     is.
               MR. LOESER:
13
                            That's why those folks are so
     knowledgeable when you talk to them.
14
15
               THE COURT: But the likelihood that one person is
16
     knowledgeable on everything seems to me not likely.
17
               MR. SNYDER:
                            That's right, Your Honor. And certainly
     our in-house counsel -- Mr. Falconer, you know, really -- let
18
19
     me just put it this way.
          There is no person in the Legal Department at Facebook who
20
     is the repository of all this. As Your Honor indicated, we
21
22
     have to go far and wide oftentimes to get the information, and
23
             That's our job. And we will continue to do so.
     we do.
               THE COURT: So what's --
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               MR. LOESER: We've already --
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THE COURT: Let's try this. The next ESI location conversation you have, they will have the person in-house available to consult, to the extent Mr. Falconer can't answer your question.

And then to the extent after that there is just certain questions you say you're not getting the answer to, then bring to it my attention and we'll figure it out.

MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. DAVIS: Your Honor, if I may, this is Anne Davis.

You know, we've also offered the alternative of, you know, Facebook providing ESI disclosures. This was a proposal that was part of our ESI protocol negotiations. And to the extent that there are efficiencies in Facebook simply providing those disclosures, providing the data map for relevant ESIs so we don't have to have this iterative process, or at least can have the foundation for that information and then use that in our discussions in connection with other specific RFPs, custodial sources, then that may be an alternative as well.

MS. WEAVER: That is to say if we get something in writing, which we haven't, that describes the schema, that describes how the Hive operates, that describes how data is extracted, they can get that from the knowledgeable people and send it.

What's happening now is we're asking questions and we're getting, "We have to check with the client," and then we don't

-- still don't have any answers, which is what we're trying to 1 2 cure. Your Honor, this is Deborah Stein. MS. STEIN: 3 One of the issues here, and one of my teammates can talk 4 5 about it in more detail, is that we have gone way beyond where relevant data is located. That information has been provided 6 7 to plaintiffs multiple times and in detail. We are getting from them very, very nuanced technical 8 questions that go way beyond where relevant information is 9 10 found. It goes into the substance. 11 I personally have been interviewing engineers about how different technology works and getting a whole education about, 12 13 you know, technological systems that aren't proprietary to Facebook. I mean, you've heard people mention Hive, you know, 14 15 and we're learning all about Hive and how that works. 16 But the kinds of questions we're getting are questions 17 that are not about, you know, up-front how is ESI stored, but 18 it goes into the merits of the case. It goes into how 19 technology that isn't even Facebook technology works. And that's why we're having these issues because, you 20 know, we've given them the information that we're supposed to 21 22 provide in up-front ESI discussions. We are, like, deep, deep, 23 deep in.

THE COURT:

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25

discuss?

Okay. All right. What else can we

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, we did briefly mention the areas of production for which search terms are not necessary. And I did want to flag that in our statement we referred to some specific categories of information for which the parties agree search terms don't appear to be necessary, but Facebook is not willing to provide. Those may be subjects that simply need to be briefed to Your Honor. But if folks want to talk about those now, it might --

MR. SNYDER: We think it's premature, Judge. It's just -- I think we should get the custodians, negotiate the search terms, and continue to have our discussions about those broad categories of documents. Some of them, there will be privilege disputes about. Others, financial information that we think is not relevant and should be the subject of motion practice. One is about a new product launch that has seemingly nothing to do with anything in the Complaint.

So this has been our frustration, Your Honor. We just want to work in a logical, orderly fashion. And what's happening is we're getting a lot of substantive discovery requests, kind of -- I don't want to use the word masquerading as front end custodian and ESI requests.

And we have been incredibly accommodating on these, but enough is enough and we just want to kind of move on in the normal fashion, and then they can send us interrogatories asking any discovery questions they want.

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, this category that we're talking about now are things that the parties agree don't require search terms.

I'm not exactly sure what Mr. Snyder is referring to and where they have been accommodating, but last time we were on the call we talked about: So we have search terms custodians. Now what can be produced that doesn't require search terms? That's what this is.

There is information that does not require search terms that they don't want to provide and we want. So I don't think there is anything premature about it. It's just a ripe dispute that needs to be resolved.

MS. KUTSCHER: Your Honor, we have agreed to provide documents responsive to 11 different RFPs -- sorry, ten different RFPs in the next 30 days. We've also agreed to provide all the materials responsive to another RFP within 90 days. It's an enormous amount of information.

What has happened is during these discussions, plaintiffs have raised either a substantive dispute about the scope of what would be provided responsive to specific RFPs, which are privilege disputes, things of that nature, and we have requested that we put those more substantive disputes on hold so that we can finish our custodian negotiations and get moving on the documents we know we can collect and get out the door to them.

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intend to withhold?

MS. KUTSCHER:

To that point, Your Honor, RFP 19 asks MS. WEAVER: for documents produced to other regulators. And on the last call Mr. Snyder said Facebook would produce the documents, produced a very -- two very key (audio interference). key because the reports that resulted from those investigations led to specific findings that we cite in our Complaint, paragraphs 272. There is a whole section in the 300 paragraph series about the UK DCMS report. And then later in the 438 to 443, the ICO. And our question is either -- what we were trying to just tee up is when will Facebook produce the documents for the regulatory, other regulatory actions, and are they withholding anything from them. You know, the ESI quidelines for the Northern District clearly say that we should be discussing how they, quote, filter out ESI not subject to discovery. So if they were going to say categorically, as referenced today, oh, this isn't relevant, we keep hearing conclusions about things that aren't relevant, but it's not specific so that we can even engage and say, but we think it is. So two requests. One, when will they produce the regulatory documents; and, two, will they be transparent about any categorical groups of information from those that they

Your Honor, we have already told

plaintiffs that we will produce the regulatory documents by -I'm pulling up the date. By July 3rd. We have already
provided them that information.

We also had this discussion extensively with Judge Chhabria regarding how we would review the materials that were produced at the FTC and how we would discuss that with the plaintiffs. Judge Chhabria already gave his guidance on that issue and reminded plaintiffs that defendants are presumed to review documents in good faith, just as they would in any other production, just as defendants always do. We review documents for responsiveness and then we provide them to the plaintiffs. And Judge Chhabria has already weighed in on that issue. It does not need to be relitigated.

MS. WEAVER: Well, we disagree on that point. And these other regulatory documents weren't discussed at all in front of Judge Chhabria.

And I think the experience with the FTC document production is really poignant here. Facebook, in fact, refused and claimed privilege over the review and said: We won't tell you -- we will not identify categories that we will withhold. We just won't do it. You're going to get the documents.

And we decided, fine. We won't litigate this. We will wait. It then took five months to get just 253,000 pages. And although Facebook thinks that's a lot of documents --

THE COURT: I think that's a lot of documents.

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MS. WEAVER:
                       Well, there are cases we're in with --
you know, I have had 50 million in older cases. So, it's
just...
     But anyway, the point is we just want to know if they are
withholding.
          MS. KUTSCHER:
                         It's not the --
          THE COURT: Let's just stop.
     I'm going to issue an order. We're going to have a
schedule.
          We're going to get this custodian thing done so that
we can start working on the search terms. You've agreed to
those productions.
     And the next joint statement which you'll submit, I
already -- my previous order sets a schedule for that. If the
plaintiffs want to propose that we tee up some issue, you can
cite to whatever transcript from Judge Chhabria or whatever.
We can do that. I don't want that to interfere with getting
this custodian issue done. Like done by May 15th.
                                                    I want it
done.
                      Your Honor, we would invite you to join
          MR. SNYDER:
us on any of these meet-and-confers so that you can end them in
15 minutes, because they go on forever and they are extremely
painful.
          MR. LOESER:
                      Your Honor --
                      And Orin hasn't been on them.
          MS. WEAVER:
          MR. SNYDER:
                       Oh, yes, I have. I was on the first
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     one.
                           I thought he was going to bring the
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               THE COURT:
     cocktails.
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               MS. WEAVER:
                            He was drinking alone, I quess.
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               MR. LOESER:
                            There have been no cocktails.
                                                            So, Orin,
 6
     come on back and bring the cocktails.
 7
               MS. WEAVER:
                            Yeah, we'd appreciate it.
                            I may need more than cocktails if I join
               MS. SNYDER:
 8
 9
     in every one.
                           You might be meeting-and-conferring past
10
               THE COURT:
     his bedtime.
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               MR. LOESER: Your Honor, I hear you loud and clear on
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     the sequencing.
          I do just want to put a pin on the map on this issue of
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     the materials that don't require search terms that are --
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     Facebook is not interested in producing. The one in particular
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     that will become important as we go forward is their refusal to
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     provide the financial information, the value of user data,
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     which is really a key issue in this case.
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          But let's just put that to the side for a moment.
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     suspect we'll have briefing on that and we'll explain to you
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     why that is very relevant to this case.
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               THE COURT: And on the 15th then, yeah, we'll
               We made good progress in these two weeks and we want
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     to keep that progress moving.
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I'll issue an order which I hope summarizes what
     Okay.
we've came up with. To the extent what I write doesn't jive
with what we discussed or doesn't work, if you guys agree it
doesn't work, you can submit a stipulation. I will sign it.
          MR. LOESER:
                       Thank you, Your Honor.
          MS. KUTSCHER: Your Honor, just to make sure we're
all on the same page in view of what Mr. Loeser just said, I
want to clarify the briefing that we'll be submitting on the
15th is related -- sorry, on the 14th is related to the
custodian issue, not these other topics that --
          THE COURT: Of course.
                                  But in the joint statement if
the plaintiffs want to propose something with respect to that,
if they feel it's ripe, if it's the time they want to raise it,
then they can put it in the status update.
          MS. KUTSCHER: But we wouldn't substantively brief
that.
          THE COURT: You don't have to brief it substantively.
          MS. KUTSCHER:
                         Wonderful.
          MR. LOESER: Your Honor, our eventual goal for joint
statements is they'll be free of all adjectives.
          THE COURT:
                      I could simply bar them. When I speak to
law students or young lawyers, I always say you should take
adjectives and adverbs out of your -- the facts should speak
for themselves; right.
          MS. WEAVER: Your Honor, may I ask a clarifying?
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may have midst it.
     So we have a deadline for the custodial issue. We give
them a letter by Tuesday. We meet-and-confer on Wednesday.
They are going to be able to give us information about the
people we identify, is that right, and then we reach agreement.
          THE COURT: The meeting-and-conferring is starting
next week, right, and the letter is not due til the following
      So in the meantime, you're exchanging information and
narrowing.
          MS. WEAVER:
                       Okay.
          THE COURT:
                      I just dislike how everyone is assuming
I'm going to get this joint dispute letter brief.
          MS. WEAVER:
                      We're not. We're not. Actually,
honestly, it would be great if we could agree.
          THE COURT: Oh, and I think you could. And I think
you could.
     But just in these conversations, in these video sessions,
it should just be sharing information and -- sharing; right?
This is why I think this person. This is why, you know.
This -- this is why we think. This person may not be relevant.
Tell us. Or, you know, he only worked there for a month.
Whatever it is.
          MR. LOESER: Well, not to mix things up here, but the
information about the key people from the PWC audits, I think,
will really facilitate that because they seem to be at the
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heart of things. 1 THE COURT: So then that's what you need to do. On 2 Monday, you can start with -- well, you're going to provide it 3 to them on Tuesday. I don't know if you're going to 4 5 meet-and-confer on Monday, but maybe. 6 MR. LOESER: If we have them earlier, we will. 7 MR. SNYDER: I don't want expectations to be raised that if in a 2016 report PWC references a senior engineer, that 8 it's going to lead to a lot of productive discussion. 9 Obviously, if we can identify the person, it's a different 10 11 case. I've read the reports, and I'm not sure how fruitful it's 12 going to be, but hope springs eternal and maybe it will open up 13 floodgates of harmony and agreement. 14 15 MR. LOESER: Mr. Snyder is always trying to lower my 16 expectations. 17 MS. KUTSCHER: To that end, we're obviously going to work as hard, as quickly, as expeditiously as we can to run 18 19 down information on all of the people who plaintiffs would like 20 to discuss. 21 I do just want to manage expectations accordingly. If we get a list of a lot of people on Tuesday or at some point on 22 Wednesday, it will be difficult for us to have substantive 23 information on all of those individuals within a day or two. 24

THE COURT: Of course. Yes, of course.

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Thanks everyone. We'll see you in a couple
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           Okay.
                   Great.
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     weeks.
           (Proceedings adjourned.)
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CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL REPORTER

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

Llelia L. Pad

Debra L. Pas, CSR 11916, CRR, RMR, RPR
Friday, May 8, 2020